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FRANÇAIS

Classe 6
Cahier d'étudiants

Nom:

École:



Tips for pronouncing French

Sometimes in French there are sounds that people find tricky to pronounce. Luckily as long as you learn the rules to follow you will be able to pronounce any word in French!

So, basically, you need to know...

There are several groupings of letters that all make the same sound...
é, er, ez, ais, ait, ay, et, aient – they all sound like **ay** (as in May)

The letter **c** with an accent underneath – **ç** – sounds like the letter **s** in English
A **c** without this accent, and followed by the letters **o, a** or **u**, is a hard sound –
café, vecu (vaykoo). A **c** followed by an **i** or an **e** is soft – *cinq (sank), cent (son)*

an and **en** make make the same sound in French = ON - **anglais, enfant**
in in a French word sounds like AN – **intéressant, intelligent, enfin**

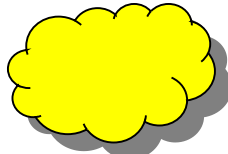

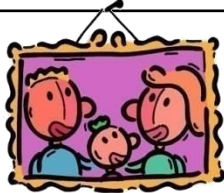

If a French word ends in **t, d, s, n** or **x**, these are usually SILENT with the exception of **CRFL** – Be **CaReFuL** with these! And if the last letter is an **e**, you can pronounce the letter just before it – *carte, anglaise, allemande*

In French, the letter **e** can cause lots of problems. At the end of a word, it isn't sounded out.

If it as an acute accent – **é** – then it sounds like **ay**. - *café*

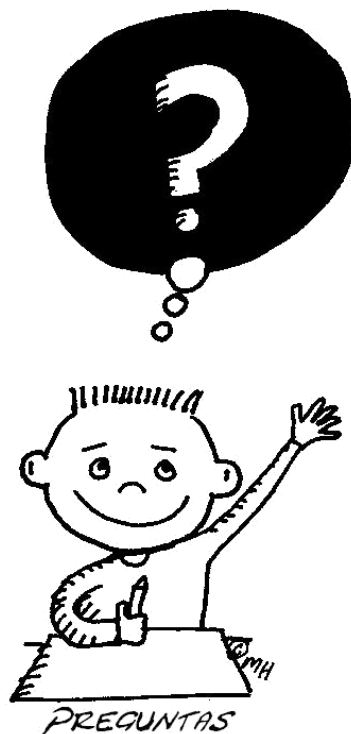
If it has a grave accent – **è** – or a circumflex - **ê** - then it sounds like **eh** – e.g *père, tête*. The rest of the time, it sounds like **uh** – menu (*muhnoo*)

Try saying these out loud:

jaune	octobre	famille	quatorze	garage
			14	

Questions (*questions*)

Où?	Where?
Qui?	Who?
Quand?	When?
Quoi?	What?
Comment?	How?
Pourquoi?	Why?
Combien (de)?	How much?
Qu'est-ce que?	What?
Quel/quelle/quelles/ quels	Which?

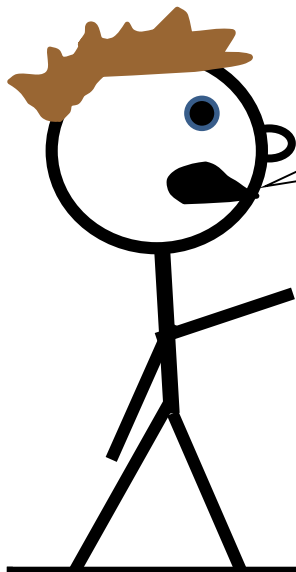


A Fill in the gaps and translate to English.

Français	Anglais
_ _ elle heure est-il?	
Comb _ _ n des frères ou des sœurs as-tu?	
_ ù est le chien?	
Po _ _ _ uoi tu aimes le français?	
Co _ _ ent tu t'appelles?	

B Write two questions of your own.

Révision: Je me présente



Bonjour, comment
tu t'appelles?

Salut! Je
m'appelle
Sophie. Et toi?



Comment tu t'appelles?	What's your name?
Je m'appelle....	My name is...
J'habite à (+name of town)	I live in.....
J'ai.... ans	I amyears old.
Mon anniversaire, c'est le....	My birthday is on theof...
Je suis anglais (m)/anglaise (f)	I'm English
J'ai un frère/une soeur	I have a brother / sister
Il/Elle s'appelle....	He /She is called..
Je suis fils/fille unique	I'm an only child (masc. / fem.)

Write 30 words about yourself here:

Numbers

1	un
2	deux
3	trois
4	quatre
5	cinq
6	six
7	sept
8	huit
9	neuf
10	dix
11	onze
12	douze
13	treize
14	quatorze
15	quinze
16	seize
17	dix-sept
18	dix-huit
19	dix-neuf
20	vingt
21	vingt et un
22	vingt-deux
23	vingt-trois
24	vingt-quatre
25	vingt-cinq
26	vingt-six
27	vingt-sept
28	vingt-huit
29	vingt-neuf
30	trente
31	trente et un

10	dix	100	cent
20	vingt	200	deux cent
30	trente	300	trois cent
40	quarante	400	quatre cent
50	cinquante	500	cinq cent
60	soixante	600	six cent
70	soixante-dix	700	sept cent
80	quatre-vingt	800	huit cent
90	quatre-vingt dix	900	neuf cent
1000 - mille			

1458	Mille quatre cent cinquante huit
2000	deux mille
1,000,000	million
2,000,000	deux million

Can you solve the maths problems in French?

dix + treize =	vingt-trois
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onze + quatre =	
------------------------	--

six + vingt =	
----------------------	--

vingt-sept + deux =	
----------------------------	--

trois x trois =	
------------------------	--

dix x dix =	
--------------------	--

quinze + seize =	
-------------------------	--

seize / quatre =	
-------------------------	--

sept cent / sept =	
---------------------------	--

Les couleurs

bleu(e)	blue
vert(e)	green
marron/brun	brown
gris(e)	grey
noir(e)	black
blanc/blanche	white
rouge	red
jaune	yellow
rose	pink
orange	orange
violet(te)	purple

A Fill in the missing colours below

Mélange des couleurs

 bleu +  jaune =  vert

 bleu +  rouge = 

 rouge +  noir = 

 rouge +  jaune = 

 rouge +  blanc = 

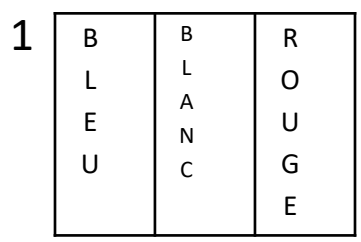
 noir +  blanc = 

Les pays (*countries*)

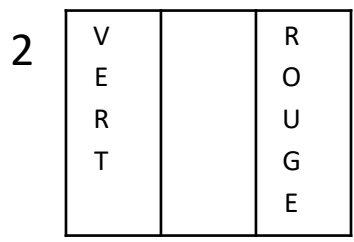
J'habite en/au/aux ...	I live in
Tu viens d'où?	Where are you from?
Je viens de/d'....	I am from...
Allemagne	Germany
Danemark	Denmark
Europe	Europe
Écosse	Scotland
Espagne	Spain
États-Unis	The United States
France	France
Pays de Galles	Wales
Hollande/Pays-bas	Holland
Angleterre	England
Irlande	Ireland
Italie	Italy
Pologne	Poland
Royaume-Uni	United Kingdom
Suède	Sweden

C'est quel pays? (What country is it...?)

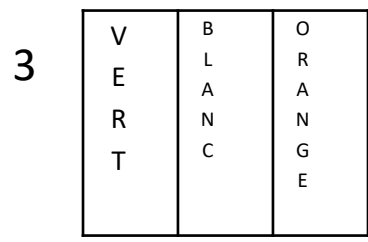
A Colour the flags and write the name of each country in French.



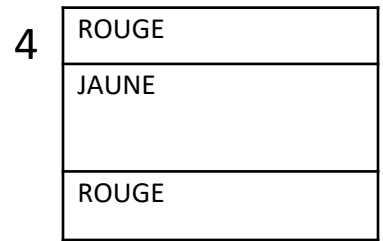
F _____



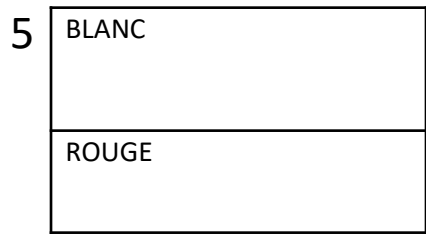
It _____



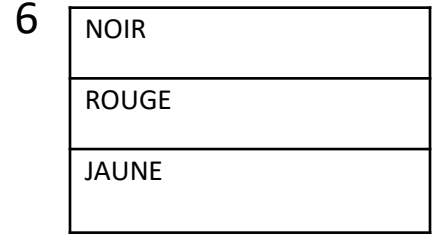
Ir _____



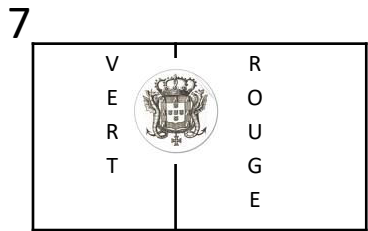
E _____



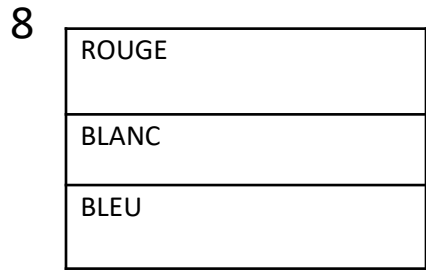
Pol _____



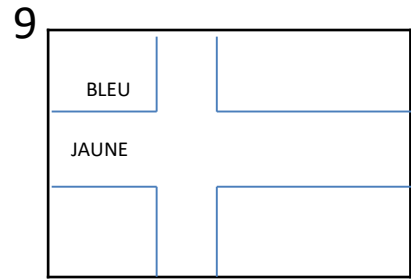
A _____



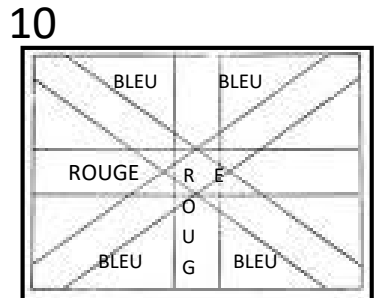
Por _____



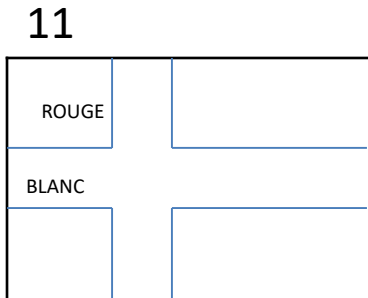
H _____



Su _____



R _____ U _____



D _____



Eu _____

Où est-ce qu'on parle français? (*Where is French spoken?*)

LA FRANCOPHONIE – *The French Speaking World*



In French the ends of verbs change depending on the person doing the verb. Can you work out which ending goes with which person?

The present tense

Je parle	I speak
Tu parles	You speak (Fam./sing.)
Il/Elle/On parle	He/She/one speaks
Vous parlez	You speak (Polite/sing.)
Nous parlons	We speak
ils/Elles parlent	They (m)/(f) speak

Subject pronouns

Je

tu

A - Fill in the English pronouns below.

il

elle

Je

tu

il

elle

nous

vous

ils

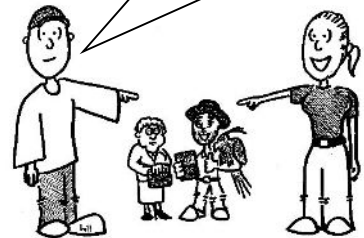
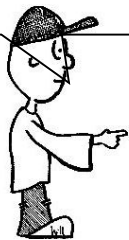
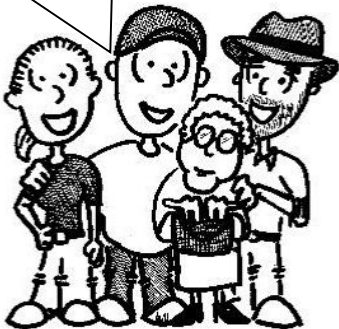
elles

Je	__
tu	___(singular familiar)
il	__
elle	___
nous	__
vous	___ (plural /polite)
ils	___ (masculine)
elles	___ (feminine)

nous

vous

ils/elles



Utiliser un dictionnaire

A Put these nouns in alphabetical order and write them into the table below.

château **gens** ours camion **Feux d'artifice**
lunettes chanson *cheval* oiseaux *chapeau*

	Ordre alphabetique	m/f	English
	camion	m	Lorry / truck

B Look them up in a dictionary and check the GENDER (see if it has an m/f next to the word) and the meaning. Complete columns 3 and 4.

Révision

A Read the texts and answer the questions.

Je m'appelle Pilar et je suis espagnole. Je passe les grandes vacances avec mes grand-parents dans le nord de l'Espagne. On va souvent à la plage et le soir on va au cinéma ou en ville. Il ne pleut pas. Je l'aime bien parce que la cuisine est délicieuse.



Je m'appelle Luc et j'ai quinze ans. En août normalement je vais en Angleterre avec ma mère. S'il y a du vent ou il pleut, nous rendons-visite à nos amis ou les villes d'Angleterre. Quelqufois il fait du soleil et je fais de la natation. Je l'aime bien parce que je peux pratiquer mon anglais.

Across lots of different languages there are words called '**cognates**'. This means that they look similar in one or more language. For example... '**Révision**' in French is almost exactly the same as **revision** in English. This is called a **cognate**.

A Go through the texts and highlight all the cognates you can find.

B Who...?

... is Spanish.

.....**Pilar**.....

...goes on holiday with their Mum?

... goes on holiday with their grandparents?

...mentions the cinema?

A Translate these adjectives and complete the table.

	old
	ugly
	big
	historical
	industrial
	important
	modern
	quiet
	pretty

Generally, does the adjective in French come before or after the 'thing' it is describing?

.....

B Find these high-frequency words and complete the table.

	very
	quite
	with
	there is / there are
	where
	which
	because
	here
	also
	like / as
	for
	near to

Thank you and WELL DONE! for completing your languages booklet. Keep it safe and there will be a reward for your hard work. We look forward to seeing you in September!

From, your new MFL teachers!